

M.S.C.GEOLOGY(EARTH SCIENCE)

Scheme of examination and courses of study :

1. Candidates for admission of the master of science M.Sc Geology(Earth science) degree shall be required to have passed B.S c. degree with geology as one subject. Students without geology shall be admitted but their marks shall be reduced by 5% in B.Sc.
2. Admission will be given on the basis of merit. The merit will be drawn on aggregate marks received in the qualifying examination by the candidate.
3. The duration of the course is for two academic years (four semesters). The course work of the M.Sc. degree in geology (earth science) shall be in accordance with the scheme of examination and syllabus prescribed.
4. The minimum attendance required by a candidate will be as per university rules.
5. A candidate for a pass at each of the part I and part II examination shall be required to obtain;
 - a. At least 36% marks in aggregate of the papers prescribed for the examination and
 - b. At least 36% marks in practical(s).
6. Wherever prescribed at the examination, provided that a candidate fails to secure at least 25% marks in each individual theory paper at the examination he/she shall be deemed to have failed at the examination notwithstanding having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for the examination.
7. No division shall be awarded for the first three semester examinations. Division shall be awarded at the end of the fourth semester examination and combined marks obtained after four semester examination taken together as noted below :
 - First division 60% of aggregate of above marks taken together.
 - Second division 48% of aggregate of above marks taken together.
 - All the rest will be declared to have passed the examination.
8. There will be four theory papers in each semester of 50 marks each.
9. An education tour may be organized both for M.Sc. sem I & II and M.Sc. III & IV to important places of geological interest within or outside the state under the supervision of faculty member/s of the department. The expenses will be borne by the participating student. However, the college/ university will provide train/ bus travel , concession as per necessity and rules. Travelling expenses of the teacher/s will be borne by the employers as per rules of TA and DA.

Programme of study and examination scheme

M.SC. PREVIOUS GEOLOGY (EARTH SCIENCE)

SEMESTER – I

		Max. Marks	Hours of instruction per week
Paper I	Geodynamics	50	5 Hours.
PaperII	Structural geology	50	5 hours
PaperIII	Geomorphology	50	5 hours
PaperIV	Mineralogy and geochemistry	50	5 hours
Practical I	Structural geology	50	5 hours
Practical II	Mineralogy and geomorphology	50	5 hours

SEMESTER – II

Paper I	Igneous and metamorphic petrology	50	5 hours
Paper II	Sedimentology	50	5 hours
Paper III	Stratigraphy of India	50	5 hours
Paper IV	Palaebiology	50	5 hours
Practical I	Petrology	50	5 hours
Practical II	Palaebiology and Stratigraphy of India	50	5 hours

M.SC. FINAL GEOLOGY (EARTH SCIENCE)

SEMESTER – III

Paper I	Photogeology and remote sensing	50	5 hours
Paper II	Engineering geology	50	5 hours
Paper III	Ore geology	50	5 hours
Paper IV	Mineral exploration	50	5 hours
Practical I	Photogeology and engineering geology	50	5 hours
Practical II	Ore geology and exploration	50	5 hours

SEMESTER – IV

Paper I	Fuel geology	50	5 hours
Paper II	Mining and mineral dressing	50	5 hours
Paper III	Hydrogeology	50	5 hours
Paper IV	(Optional –I) Environmental geology	50	5 hours
Paper IV	(Optional –II) Advanced remotesensing and GIS	50	5 hours
Paper IV	(Optional –III) Computer application in geology	50	5 hours
Practical I	Mining and fuel geology	50	5 hours
Practical II	Hydrogeology+ optional paper	50	5 hours

SEMESTER : FIRST. PAPER TITLE FIRST: Geodynamics

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Earth's surface features. Seismology : waves, intensity and isoseismic lines, earthquake belts , earthquake zones of India, seismograph, causes of earthquake. Internal structure of the earth.

Crust : Composition, seismic, gravity and magnetic characters. Crustal types: shields. Platforms, mountain chains, rift valleys, mid oceanic ridges, trenches, island arcs and ocean basins.

UNIT-2

Volcanism : types and causes of volcano eruptions. World distribution of volcanoes. Migration of volcanoes. Palaeo-magnetism.

UNIT-3

Isostasy : Development of the concept, isostatic anomalies, isostatic models, evidences. Geosynclines: classification and evolution of geosynclines causes of subsidence and upliftment.

UNIT-4

Continental drift: Development of the concept, Taylor's and Wegner's theories of continental drift. Evidences of continental drift and polar wandering. Sea floor spreading. Morphological features of ocean floor.

UNIT-5

Concept of plate tectonics: types of plate boundaries. Features of convergent and divergent boundaries. Ophiolite suites, Arch-trench system, volcanic mountain chains. Triple junction and their stability, causes of plate motion. Origin of Himalayas.

References:

Holms, Doris and Arthur: Holme's Principles of Physical Geology. Wiley
Wyllie, Peter J: The dynamic Earth. Wiley
Wyllie, Peter J: The way the Earth works. Wiley
Hodgson, J H: Earthquake and Earth's structures. Prentice Hall.
Martin H P Bott : The interior of the Earth. Edward Arnold.
Condie K C : Plate tectonics and crustal evolution.
Strahler: Earth sciences.
Gutenberg Beno: Internal constitution of the Earth. Dover.

SEMESTER : FIRST

PAPER TITLE SECOND: STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Rock failure: Mechanical principals of rock deformation, factors controlling behavior of material. Concept of stress and strain analysis in two and three dimensions. Progressive deformation. Moh's circles. Symmetry concepts in deformation. Unconformities: types, significance and recognition.

UNIT -2

Geometry of fold surface: Single and multi-layered. Classification of folds. Types of folds. Effects of folds on outcrops. Super-imposed folding.

UNIT -3

Geometry of faults. Classification and types of faults. Slips, separation, recognition of faults, causes of faulting.

UNIT -4

Origin, kinds and their relation to other structure; fracture and joints, lineation, foliation, rock cleavages and schistosity.

UNIT -5

Mechanics of folding and faulting. Tectonic fabrics. Magma tectonics : Emplacement of plutons, origin of Ring Dykes and Cone Sheets.

Reference:-

Bayly B: Mechanics in structural Geology. Springer Verlag
Davis G H: Structural Geology of Rocks and regions. John Wiley
Ghosh S K: Structural Geology fundamental of modern developments
Hubert M K: Structural Geology. Hafner Publ.
Moore E and Twiss R J: Tectonics. Freeman Pergamon Press
Price N J and Cosgrove J W: Analysis of Geological Structure. Cambridge university.
Hobbs, Means and Williams: An Outline of Structural Geology.
Badgeley P C: Structural Geology for Exploration Geologist.
Fairhurst: Rocks Mechanics. Pergmon Press
Whitten E. H. T: Structural folded Rocks.

SEMESTER : FIRST

PAPER TITLE THIRD: GEOMORPHOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Concept of geomorphology-principles and significance. Cycle of erosion, Davis's and Plank's cycle of erosion. Soil forming processes: soil types soil profile and classification of soils. Landslides, soil creep and solifluction.

UNIT -2

Fluvial agency: Types of rivers, Valley development-Base level and its varieties, graded streams, Cross profile of valleys. Drainage patterns and their significance. Erosional landforms and depositional landforms of streams.

UNIT -3

Glaciers: Types of glaciers, regimes of glaciers, nourishment of glaciers, wastage of glaciers. Major features resulting from glacial erosion and glacial deposition. Glacio-fluvial features. Aeolian agency. Topographic effects of wind erosion. Landforms of Aeolian deposition. Piedmonts and piedmont problems. Arid cycle of erosion.

UNIT -4

Karst topography: Important areas of Karst. Conditions essential for development of Karst, features characteristic of karst region. Origin of limestone caverns. Karst geomorphic cycle.

Marine erosion: Topographic features resulting from marine erosion and marine deposition. Classification of coasts.

UNIT -5

Morphometric analysis of terrains and its significance. Morphometric analysis of drainage basin and its significance. Statistical correlation methods for interpretation. The organization of drainage system

Major geomorphic divisions of India: their characteristics and evolution. Reference:-

Reference:-

Holms, Doris and Arthur: Holme's Principles of Physical Geology. Wiley

Thornbury, W D ; Geomorphology. Wiley.

Small, RJ: Study of Landforms. Cambridge.

VonEngelen, O D: Geomorphology- Systematic and regional. MacMillan.

Savinder Singh: Geomorphology.

Mathew Fontain Maury: The Physical Geography of Sea. Harvard Univ. Press.

David Lang; The Earth system. Brown Publishers.

Hallis J R: Applied Geomorphology.

SEMESTER : FIRST

PAPER TITLE FOURTH: MINERALOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Crystallography: Basic concepts of Crystallography,. Crystal symmetry and symmetry elements. Crystal projections- Spherical , Gnomonic and Stereographic projections. Classification of crystals into crystal systems and crystal classes, Derivation of 32 crystal classes. Twinning . X-Ray crystallography- Bragg's equation- Powder and single crystal methods.

UNIT -2

Atomic structure, mineralogical properties and mode of occurrence of the following:-
Sulphides (AX,A₂X and AX₂Types), Oxides(XO ,X₂O,XO₂,X₂O₃ and XY₂O₄ types), Sulphates (anhydrous and hydrous),Carbonates(Calcit, Dolomite and Aragonite groups). Classification silicate structures. Isomorphism. Polymorphism and pseudo morphism. Ex solution.

Atomoc structure, chemistry, physical and optical properties of the following rock forming mineral groups:
Epidote, Chlorite and allumino-silicates.
Precious and semi precious stones.

UNIT -3

Atomoc structure,chemistry, physical and optical properties of the following rock forming mineral groups:
Garnet ,Olivine, Pyroxene, Amphibole, Mica, Feldspar, Feldspathoid and Quartz.

UNIT -4

Principles of Optics . Double refraction . Optical classification of minerals .Determination of refractive index . Uniaxial and Biaxial indicatrix . Determination interference colors and interference figures . Optic sign and its determination.

UNIT -5

Geochemical classification of elements . Radioactive decay scheme of U-Pb,Rb-Sr,K-Ar and Sm-Nd. Laws of Thermodynamics. Concept of Geochemical cycle .Principles of ionic substitution in minerals . Composition of the Earth

Reference:-

Gribble, C D:Rutley's Elements of Mineralogy.
Phillips W R and Griffin D T Optical Mineralogy.CBS
Klein,Cand Haurbut,C S;l Mannual of Mineralogy. John Wiley.
Mason : Principles of Geochemistry.
Hoefs, J: Staable Isotope Geochemistry .Springer Verlag.
Andeson: Geochemistry.
Dana: Textbook of Mineralogy.

PRACTICAL

PRACTCASLS BASED ON THEORY PAPERS

Practical-1 Structural geology an Geomorphology

4Hrs Duration

50MM

Practical-2 Crystallography, Mineralogy

4Hrs Duration

50MM

SEMESTER : SECOND

PAPER TITLE FIRST: IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Origin of magma. Factors affecting magma composition .Evolution of magma by differentiation and assimilation .Phase equilibria of monary(Silica), Binaary (Mixed and eutectic Ab-An, Leu-Si) and Ternary (Ab-An-Di, Fo-Fa-Sil) Silicate systems. Magmatism in relation to plate tectonics.

UNIT -2

Forms , structures and textures of igneous rocks and iterpretration of crystallization. Layered igneous structures .Classification of igneous rocks including IUGS system . Reaction principle and reaction series . Petrographic provinces.

UNIT -3

Origin of Granite: Magmatic and granitisation processes . Petrogenesis . Petrography and Indian occurrences of Basic and Ultrabasic plutonic association; Granite –Granodiorite association; Tholeiite and alkali olivine basalt; Basalt-Dacite-Rhyolite association ; Nephelinesyenites , Ophiolites , Cummulsates , Anorthosites and Pegmatites

UNIT -4

Agents of metamorphism , kinds of metamorphism, types of metamorphism .Structures and textures of metamorphic rocks. Metamorphic differentiation. Concept of metamorphic zones in contact aureole.

UNIT -5

Metamorphic grades facies and facies series, facies classification . Metasomatism and their types .Types and origin of migmatites .Metamorphism of carbonates, pelites and mafic rocks . Charnockites, Khondalites , Eclogites . Paired metamorphic belts.

Reference:-

- Best MG; Igneous and metamorphic belts. CBS.
- Bose, MK: Igneous petrology. World Press.
- Bucher, K and Frey, M. Petrogenesis of metamorphic rocks .Springer Verlag.
- Kretz, R: Metamorphic crystallization. John Wiley.
- McBerney, AR: Igneous petrology . Jones and Bartlet.
- Phillipots, A. Igneous and metamorphic petrology .Prentice Hall.
- Turner, FJ. Metamorphic Petrology .McGraw Hills . Yaardley , BW; An introduction to metamorphic petrology. Longman.
- Winkler, HGF: Petrogenesis of metamorphic rocks. Springer Verlag.
- Miyashiro, A : Metamorphism and metamorphic rocks.. George Allen & Unwin.
- Wyllie PJ: Ultramafic rocks.PJ Heffer.
- Huand, VJ. Petrology.

SEMESTER : SECOND

PAPER TITLE SECOND: SEDIMENTOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Processes of sedimentation . Fluid flow . Origin of sediments .Mode of transport of sediments . Stoke's law. Classification of common sediments (rudites, arenites, argillites). Classification of sedimentary rocks.

UNIT -2

Origin, classification and significance of primary, secondary and organic sedimentary structures .
Palaeocurrent significance in quality assessment .Classification of sandstones and limestones . Dolomites.

UNIT 3

Textures of sedimentary rocks and their genetic significance. Granulometric analysis of clastic particles ,
statistical measure and interpretation of nature of sediments. Diagenesis.

UNIT -4

Elements and types of depositional environments: Continental (Fluvial, Lacustrine, Aeolian and Glacial),
Transitional and Marine environments. Evaporates and Volcanoclastic sediments. Sedimentary facies .

UNIT -5

Provenance and mineral stability .Concept and types of sedimentary provenance .Heavy minerals: Their
separation and utility in the provenance analysis. Tectonic framework of sedimentation (Kaay's classification of
tectonic elements). Cyclothem.

Reference:-

- Allen,P: Earth surface processes .Blackwell.
- Davis, RA: Depositional systems. Prentice Hall .
- Einsel,G: Sedimentary basins. Springer Verlag .
- Miall, AD : Principles of sedimentary basin analysis .Springer Verlag.
- Nichols,G: Sedimentology and stratigraphy . Blackwell.
- Reading, HG: Sedimentary environments .Blackwell.
- Pettijohn, FJ; Sedimentary rocks .
- Pettijon, Potter & Seiver : Sand and sandstones.

SEMESTER : SECCOND

PAPER TITLE THIRD: SRTATIGRAPHY OF INDIA.

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Criteria for the stratigraphic classification and correlation . Litho-, Bio- and chronostratigraphic
units. Magnetostratigraphy .Sequence stratigraphy . Geological time scale . Orogenic cycles in Indian stratigraphy .
Tectonic framework of India .Geological column of the Indian stratigraphy .

UNIT -2

Ice ages in Indian stratigraphy .Precambrian-,Permo-Carboniferous and Pleistcene ice ages , their
evidences. Archaean(Azoic) History of India: Distribution and stratigraphy of the Archaeans of South India, Madhya
Pradesh, Rajasthan ,Jharkhand and Orissa.

UNIT -3

Precambrian (Proterozoic) History of India : Distribution and stratigraphy of the Cuddapah and
Vindhyan Supergroups .Palaeozoic history: distribution and stratigraphy of Salt Range and Spiti .Origin and age of
Saline formations . Precambrian-Cambrian boundary problem .Precambrian and Paleozoic stratigraphy of
Rajasthan.

UNIT -4

Mesozoic history: Distribution and stratigraphy of Triassic of Spiti , Jurassic of Cutch (Kutchh) and
Cretaceous of South India. Bagh beds, Lameta Beds . DeccanTrps . Permo -Triassic Boundary.

UNIT -5

Palaeoclimate , classification, distribution and stratigraphy of the Gondwana Supergroup .
Cenozoic history: Tertiary of Assam and Rajasthan .its economic importance. Siwaliks and its vertebrate fossil record. K-T boundary.

Reference:-

Boggs Sam, JR: Principles of sedimentary and strstigraphy. Prentice Hall.

Krishnan, MS: Geology of India and Burma. Higginbothams Madras.

Ravindra Kumar :Historical geology and Stratigraphy of India. John Wiley.

Wadia,DN: Geology of India. McMillan.

Doyel and Brennet MR: Unlocking the Stratigraphy : Concepts and Application. Prentice Hall.

SEMESTER : SECCOND

PAPER TITLE FOURTH:PALAEOBIOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Modes of fossilization , technique of collection and preparation of fossils. Elements of palaeoecology, uses of fossils Classification , evolution and geological history of following: Trilobites , Graptolites ,Echinoides and Corals

UNIT -2

Classification , evolution and geological history of following: Brachiopoda , Gasteropoda ,, Lamellibranchia and Cephalopoda.

UNIT -3

Succession of vertebrate life through the geological time . Evolutionary history of Man , Elephant and Horse.

UNIT -4

Micropalaeontology: Classification and separation of micro fossils .Application of microfossils in fossil fuel exploration. Morphology, classification , palaeoecology and geological history of following : Foraminifers and Ostracodes.

UNIT -5

Concept of palaeobotany and palynology. Plaant life through ages . Characteristic features of Lower Gondwana flora. Characteristic features of Upper Gondwana flora.

Reference:-

Moore,Lalicher and Fisher. Invertebrate fossils.

Woods,H: Invertebrate paleontology.

Clarkson,ENK :Invertebrate paleontology and evolution. Blackwell.

Stearn CW and Carrol RL : Paleontology – The record of life. John Wiley

Smith, AB: Systematics and fossil record –Documenting evolutionary pattern. Blackwell.

Prothero, DR : Bringing fossils to life : An introduction to Paleobiology. McGraw hill.

Ananthraman and Jain : Textbook of Paleontology.

Banner, FT and Lord AR: Aspects of micropaleontology.

Roger, AS: Vertebrate paleontology.

Jones DJ : Microfossils.

Glassener , MP: Principles of micro paleontology

Haq, BU and Boersma: Introduction to marine micropalaeontology.
Andrew: Palaeontology.

PRACTICAL
PRACTICALS BASED ON THEORY PAPERS

Practical-1 Petrology	4Hrs Duration	50MM
Practical-2 Paleobiology and stratigraphy of India	4Hrs Duration	50MM

SEMESTER : THIRD

PAPER TITLE FIRST:PHOTO GEOLOGY AND REMOTE SENSING

Duration :3 Hrs MM 50

UNIT -1

Introduction to aerial photography . Multispectral photography .Types of aerial photographs . Geometric principles of photographs –relief and tilt displacement ,Vertical exaggeration and distortions .Taking measurements from Ariel photographs: Scales, distances area and height .Measuring instruments and their use , Parallax Bar.

UNIT -2

Preparation of photogeological maps . Mosaic .Controlling factors of aerial photographs : Scale ,flight plan, area, purpose, time and season of photography. Introduction to overlap, side lap , drift, crab . Fiducial marks. Elements of interpretation of Ariel photographs . Background knowledge .Factors affecting aerial photographs.

UNIT -3

Types of electromagnetic radiations(EMRT, energy used in remotesensing .Sensor platforms .Energy interaction with earth surface and atmosphere .Reflectance of minerals ,vegetation rocks and water .Scattering. Active and passive sensors imaging .

UNIT -4

Multi spectral scanners (MSS) SLAR , SAR. LISS cameras . Thermal infrared line scanners (TIRLS Near infrared (NIR, Microwave (Radar) . Imagery . Introduction to Image processing. Discrete image processing system

UNIT -5

Application of photo geology and remote sensing in the study of geomorphology , lithology , structural features, mineral exploration and hydrogeology. Preparation of base map by radial triangulation . Concept of geographic information system .

Reference:-

Curan, PJ: principles of remote sensing .ELBS(Longman)
Drury,SA: Image interpretation in Geology .Allen and Unwin .
Land ,DR : Principles and interpretation of Ariel photographs.
Miller, VC: Photogeology .McGraw.
Pandey ,SN : Principles and applications of Photogeology .New Age.
Parry S Seigal A, and Allen, R: Remote sensing in geology.
Patel,AN and Surendra Singh: Principles of remote sensing. Scientific Publ.

Pratt, VK : Digital Image Processing.
Tripathi and Bajpai ed. Remote sensing in geosciences.
Wolf: Introduction to Photogrametry.
Jenson : Environmental Remote sensing.

SEMESTER : THIRD

PAPER TITLE SECOND: ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Importance of geology in civil engineering .Merits and demerits of civil engineering in fold, faults and joints affected areas. Engineering properties of rocks .

UNIT -2

Testing of engineering properties of rocks used as foundation sites, building stones, aggregates and ballasts.

UNIT -3

Dam and its parts, types of dams, geological consideration for the selection of a dam site. Reservoir: geological consideration. Its capacity. Water tightness and influencing factors .silting and desilting of reservoir.

UNIT -4

Geological consideration in major engineering projects : construction of tunnels, highways, bridges and canals. Lining of tunnels .

UNIT -5

Landslides: causes, effects and prevention .Consideration of civil engineering in seismic areas.
Geo-Hazards :mitigation and management.

Reference:-

Bell, FG: Geological hazards. Route Ledge.
Blyth, FCH: Geology for Engineers .Arnold Ltd.
Kesavulu, NC: Textbook of engineering geology . McMilan.
Khurmi, RS: Fundamentals of engineering geology. Dhanpat Rai and Sons .
Krynine and Judd: Principles of engineering geology and geotectonic . McGraw.
Parbeen Singh: Engineering geology. Katson Publ.
Ramnathan , RM: Engineering geology. Anuradha Agency TN.
Richey, JE: Elements of engineering geology .Sir Issac Pitman & sons.
Sumit ,K: Environmental hazards .Routledge.
Trefethen , NC: T B of geology and engineering geology .Mc Milan .

SEMESTER : THIRD

PAPER TITLE THIRD: ORE GEOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Relation of magma to mineral deposits . Geological thermometers. Ore genesis .Control of ore deposits. Para genesis and zoning in mineral deposits .Classification of processes of mineral deposits .Metallogenic epochs and provinces.

UNIT -2

Processes of mineral deposits: Magmatic concentration. Sublimation . Pegmatites . Contact metasomatism . Hydrothermal, metamorphic . Volcano genetic deposits and carbonatites .

UNIT -3

Processes of mineral deposits: Sedimentary, placers, residual, evaporation, oxidation and supergene enrichment. Ore microscopy : Textures and structures of ores. Stratiform and stratabound ore deposits..

UNIT -4

Origin, mode of occurrence, association, uses and Indian occurrences of metallic mineral deposits; Iron manganese, chromium, nickel, copper, lead, zinc, aluminium, tin, tungsten titanium, beryllium, molybdenum, gold and silver.,

UNIT -5

Origin, mode of occurrence, association, specification and grades for use in industries and Indian occurrences of non-metallic mineral deposits; Mica asbestos, gypsum, ochre, precious and semi-precious stones. Minerals used in fertilizers and cement industries.

Reference:-

Bateman: Economic mineral deposits. Wiley.

Deb, S: Industrial minerals.

Evans, JM: Ore geology and industrial minerals. Blackwell.

Halloway: Simulating the earth.

Krisnaswamy: Mineral resources of India.

Lamey, CA: Metallic and industrial minerals. Mookherjee, A: Ore genesis-A holistic approach. Allied

Mukerjee: Non fuel mineral deposits of India. Allied.

Stanton, RL: Ore petrology. McGraw Hills.

Umeshwer Prasad. Economic geology. Cbs.

SEMESTER : THIRD

PAPER TITLE THIRD: MINERAL EXPLORATION

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Geological exploration : Mode of occurrence of commercial grade deposits of ores. Geological criteria (Ore guides) for mineral prospecting. Methods of geological exploration : Geological mapping-Base map and toposheets, reconnaissance and detailed mapping, exploratory grids, pits, trenches, core sampling, well logging in evaluation of deposits.

UNIT -2

Sampling methods. Assaying by channel sampling and placer sampling, underground sampling. Calculation of ore reserves. Classification of ore reserves.

UNIT -3

Classification, principles and brief idea of geophysical methods. Electric method, instruments used in electric prospecting, application in mineral prospecting. Magnetic methods : Magnetic properties of rocks and minerals, magnetometers.

UNIT -4

Gravity method ; Earth's gravity field, regional and local gravity anomalies, pendulum torsion balance of gravimeters, interpretation of gravity anomalies for mineral deposits. Seismic methods: Elastic properties of rocks, types of elastic waves (P, S & L waves). Refraction and reflectance methods, time distance relation for horizontal interface, seismic instruments- geophones.

UNIT -5

Geochemical exploration: Geochemical cycle, mobility of elements, path finder elements, mode of occurrence of trace elements, primary dispersion pattern of deep seated origin, syngenetic and epigenetic diffusion. Sampling technique for geochemical exploration.

Reference:-

Arogyaswamy, RNP: Courses in mining geology. Oxford-IBH.
 Dobrin, MB: Introduction to geophysical prospecting. McGraw Hills.
 Hawks, H and Wobb, JS: Geochemistry in mineral exploration. Harper NY.
 Ginzburg, II: Principles of geochemical prospecting. Pergmon.
 Holson, GD and Tiratsoo, EN: Introduction to petroleum geology. Gulf Publ.
 Howel, CH: Introduction to geophysics.
 Milton and Dobrin: Introduction to geophysical prospecting. McGraw Hills.
 PaarasnsiAa, DS: Principles of applied geophysics.
 Rao, MBR: Outline of geophysical prospecting.
 Sharma, PV: Geophysical methods in geology. Elsevier.

PRACTICAL
 PRACTICALS BASED ON THEORY PAPERS

Practical-1 Photogeology and engineering geology.	4Hrs Duration	50MM
Practical-2 Ore geology and exploration	4Hrs Duration	50MM

SEMESTER : FOURTH
PAPER TITLE FIRST: FUEL GEOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs MM 50

UNIT -1

Origin of coal: Physico-chemical characterization. Proximate and ultimate analyses. Rank and varieties of coal. Macroscopic ingredients and microscopic constituents (Maceral, Lithotypes and microlithotypes).

UNIT -2

Indian and international classification of coal. Preparation of coal for industrial purpose (Coal washing, Coal carbonization (Coke manufacturing), Coal gasification and hydrogenation. Briquetting of coal.

UNIT -3

Geological features of coal seams. Geology of the productive coal fields of India. Methods of coal prospecting. Estimation of the coal reserves. Elementary idea about coal mining methods. Coal bed methane.

UNIT -4

Origin, migration and accumulation (Oil traps) of petroleum and natural gas. Kerogene. Geology of productive oil fields of India. Position of oil and natural gas in India.

UNIT -5

Atomic minerals ; mode of occurrence, association and distribution in India.. Methods of prospecting. Productive horizons in India. Nuclear power stations of country and future prospects.

Reference:-

Dahlkamp, FJ: Uranium ore deposits. Springer Verlag.
 Durrane, EM: Radioactivity in geology: Principles and applications. Ellis H.
 Holson, GD and Tiratsoo, EN: Introduction to petroleum geology. Gulf Publ.
 Nettleton, LL: Geophysical prospecting for oil.
 North, FK: Petroleum Geology. Allen and Unwin.
 Selley, RC: Elements of petroleum geology. Academic press.
 Singh, MP: Coal and organic petrology. Hindustan Publ.

Tissot, BP and Welt, DH; Petroleum formation and occurrence. Springer Verlag.
North,FK: petroleum geology. Allen and Unwin.

SEMESTER : FOURTH

PAPER TITLE SECOND: MINING AND MINERAL DRESSING

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Mining terminology, mine supports, subsidence, shaft s and shaft sinking. Breaking of rocks . Percussion and rotary drilling methods . Classification of mining methods .

UNIT -2

Alluvial mining and opencast mining . Underground mining(other than coal mining : Stoping methods, open stopes , timbered stopes , filled stopes , shrinkage stopes, slicing system and caving. Mine atmosphere : mine ventilation, pumping of mine water.

UNIT -3

Coal mining methods: Board and pillar method, long wall method. Strip mining. Haulage and winding .

UNIT -4

Mineral dressing : Physical properties of minerals used in mineral dressing. Crushers : primary and secondary crushers. Grinding mills . Rod mills, Ball mills, autogenous mills.

UNIT -5

Industrial screening : Types of screens, gravity separation, Heavy-medium separation, Magnetic separation. Froth floatation technique of separation of sulphide ores.

Reference:-

Arogyaswamy, RNP: Courses in mining geology. Oxford-IBH.

Gaudin: Principles of ore dressing. McGraw Hill.

Lewis: Elements of mining.

McKinstry, HE: Mining Geology. Prentice Hall .

Richards and Looke: Text book of ore dressing .McGraw Hill.

Roberts: Elements of ore dressing.

Young: Elements of mining geology.

SEMESTER : FOURTH

PAPER TITLE SECOND: HYDROGEOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Ground water: Origin, importance, occurrences and subsurface reservoirs. Vertical distribution of ground water . Hydrostratigraphic units . Water table contour maps .

UNIT -2

Geological factors governing the occurrence of ground water . Porosity, permeability , specific yield specific retention, hydraulic conductivity, storage coefficient, aquifers and their classification.

UNIT -3

Groundwater flow: confined, unconfined, steady, unsteady and radial flow. Forces causing flow . Darcy's law. Water level fluctuations: causative factors and their measurements. Methods of pumping tests and analysis of test data .Ground water Exploration.

UNIT -4

Groundwater quality : Physical characteristics; turbidity, color, test ,odor, temperature and specific conductivity. Chemical characteristics: TDS and suspended solids , pH value, hardness, heavy metals and dissolved gases. Biological characteristics . Water contaminants and pollutants .

UNIT -5

Salt water intrusion in coastal aquifers , remedial measures. Radio-isotopes in hydrogeological studies .
Water harvesting . Wet land management . Consumptive and conjunctive use of surface and ground water . Concept
of water shade management . Natural and artificial recharge of ground water. Ground water resources of
Rajasthan .

Reference:-

Davis,SN and De Wiest, RJM:Hydrogeology. John Wiley .

Felter, CW: Applied hydrogeology. Merrill.

Freeze, RA and Cherry,JA: Ground water. Prentice Hall b .

Gautam,Mahajan: Ground water survey and investigation.

Gulman: Hydrogeology and wet land conservation.

Karanth, KR: Ground water assessments – development and managements.

Rasghunath,NM: Ground water. Wiley Eastern .

Subramaniam, V: Water. Kingston Publ .

Todd, DK: Ground water hydrology. N Wiley .

Tollman: Ground water.

SEMESTER : FOURTH

PAPER TITLE FOURTH:(OPTIONAL-1) ENVIRONMENTAL GEOLOGY.

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Concept of environmental geology . Classification of environment . Ecological perspectives of
environment . Global warming .

UNIT -2

Impact assessment of degradation and contamination of surface water and ground water quality due to
industrialization and urbanization . Soil profiles , soil types and soil quality degradation due to irrigation, use of
fertilizers and pesticides.

UNIT -3

Wet lands : Classification, natural and artificial wet lands, problems of reclamation of wet lands. Water
logging problems .Desertification and degradation of land. Anti desertification measures .

UNIT -4

Causes floods , flood hazard and management. Impacts of mining activities on environment .
Environmental management in mining areas . , effects of earthquakes, seismic hazards and management.
Environmental pollution due to industries , energy resources, urbanization.

UNIT -5

Earth's natural hazardous processes and its impact on environment: Volcanic activity, land slides ,
coastal hazards. Environmental problems related to dams and reservoirs.

Reference:-

Bel I,FG: Geological hazards .Route Ledge.

Hsai Yang Fang: Introduction to environmental geotechnology. CRC Press .

Patwardhan , AM: The dynamic earth system.

Smith, K: Geological Hazards .Route Ledge.

Subramaniam ,V: Textbook of environmental science .Narosa .

Graedel , TE and Crutzen , PJ: Atmospheric change Freeman.

Valdiya, KS : Environmental geology – Indian context. Tata-McGraw .

SEMESTER : FOURTH

PAPER TITLE FOURTH :(OPTIONAL-2) ADVANCED REMOTE SENSING AND GIS

Duration : 3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Introduction and development of remote sensing techniques ; ariel remote sensing versus satellite remote sensing .Stereoscopic and pseudoscopic vision, depth perception. Different types of viewing instruments. Vertical exaggeration , factors affecting vertical exaggeration, determination of vertical exaggeration.

UNIT -2

Geometric elements of ariel photographs , relief displacement. Image parallex . Parallax measurement- measurement of dip ,height and thickness of strata .Streoscopic plotting instruments. Recognition of various photointerpretation elements. Interpretation of ariel photographs for geology, geomorphology and structures.

UNIT -3

Radiation principles . Generation of electromagnetic radiation (EMR) . Electromagnetic spectrum . Interaction of EMR with atmosphere and earth material. Spectral signatures . Space platforms . Remote sensing sensors- Multi spectral scanners (MSS), thermal scanners , passive and active microwave scanners, LISS,WIFS. Visual interpretation of MSS ,TM ,SPOT and IRS images.

UNIT -4

Digital image processing (DIP). Sources of image degradation . Image rectification and restoration, image enhancement techniques, multi image manipulation- FCC generation, band rationing, pattern recognition and image classification. Geographic information system (GIS). Components of GIS system, data structure and data model in GIS, functional elements of GIS. Projections .

UNIT -5

Application of remote sensing and GIS for mineral exploration, ground water exploration, land use /land cover studies and change detection. Engineering projects and environmental planning.

Reference:-

Curan, PJ: Principles of remote sensing. ELBS (Longman)

Drury, SA: Image interpretation in Geology. Allen and Unwin.

Parry S Seigal And Allen, R: Remote sensing in geology.

Patel,AN and Surendra Singh: Principles of remote sensing. Scientific Publ.

Pratt, VK : Digital Image Processing.

Tripathi and Bajpai ed. Remote sensing in geosciences.

Jenson : Environmental Remote sensing.

SEMESTER : FOURTH

PAPER TITLE FOURTH:(OPTIONAL-3) COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN GEOLOGY

Duration :3 Hrs

MM 50

UNIT -1

Introduction to computers . Structure of computer . Hardware and soft ware components. Classification and types of computers .Capabilities and limitations of computers . Computer organization .

UNIT -2

General working of computer. Input and output devices , magnetic media devices, optical devices. Printers, key board devices , VDU ,scanners and digitizers, plotter. Types of soft wares .

UNIT -3

Computer languages . Number system . ASCII . Machine language, high level language .Assembler. Interpreter. Compilers. Flowcharts. Decision tables. Algorithms. MS-DOS, Windows, MS-Office.

UNIT -4

Basic programming concept. Variable constants, procedures, conditional statements and loops. Visual

UNIT -5

Computer applications for various geological studies. Preparation of contour maps by surfer. Graphical interpretation. GIS overview.

PRACTICAL

PRACTICALS BASED ON THEORY PAPERS

Practical-1 Mining and fuel geology	4Hrs Duration	50MM
Practical-2 Hydrogeology and optional paper.	4Hrs Duration	50MM